## Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend claims as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1.(currently amended) A method of receiving code symbols corresponding to an interleaved encoder packet (EP), storing the code symbols separately in first, second and third memories, and inputting the stored code symbols to a turbo decoder in a mobile communication system, the method comprising the steps of:

generating read addresses to read the code symbols according to the size of the EP; and

reading the code symbols at the read addresses from the memories and outputting the read code symbols to the turbo decoder,

wherein the generating of the read addresses to read the code symbols comprises:

generating read address of information symbols in the first memory; and
generating read address of parity bit symbols in the second and third memory
according to the encoder packet size.

## 2. (cancelled)

3.(original) The method of claim 1, wherein the EP size is one of 408, 792, 1560, 2328, 3096 and 3864 bits.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the read address generation step comprises the steps of:

generating memory select signals RAM\_SEL using a decoder index DEC\_IDX identifying a constituent decoder of the turbo decoder and a symbol type signal DT\_IDC indicating a code symbol type according to the EP size;

generating temporary read addresses TMP\_CS indicating the interleaved positions of the code symbols to be input to the turbo decoder in a subblock to which the code symbols belong; and

generating the read addresses using RAM\_SEL, the EP size and the temporary read addresses.

- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of generating chip select signals for the first, second and third memories according to the EP size.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the chip select signal generation step comprises the steps of:

generating RAM\_SEL using DEC\_IDX and DT\_IDC;

generating TMP\_CS; and generating the chip select signals using RAM\_SEL, the EP size and TMP\_CS.

- 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the code symbols are stored at different positions of the first, second and third memories according to the EP size.
- 8. (original) A data receiving method in a mobile communication system where a transmitter encodes an encoder packet (EP) including information bits and tail bits at a predetermined code rate and subblock-interleaves code symbols of a plurality of encoded subblocks prior to transmission, and a receiver receives the code symbols, stores the code symbols separately in first, second and third memories according to the types of the code symbols, reads the code symbols in a deinterleaving order corresponding to the interleaving, and provides the read code symbols to a turbo decoder having two sequentially operating constituent decoders, the method comprising the steps of:

generating read addresses and chip select signals for the memories using the size of the EP in synchronization to a decoder clock signal; and

outputting code symbols to the two constituent decoders according to the read addresses and the chip select signals.

9. (original) The data receiving method of claim 8, wherein the step of generating the read addresses and the chip select signals comprises the steps of:

setting DT\_IDC to 0 when a data symbol corresponding to an information bit is output to the turbo decoder and setting DT\_IDC to 1 when a tail symbol corresponding to a tail bit is output to the turbo decoder, each time the decoder clock signal is triggered;

generating a temporary address, TMP\_ADDR indicating the interleaved position of a code symbol to be output to the turbo decoder in a subblock that the code symbol belongs to; reading the read addresses using TMP\_ADDR, the EP size, and RAM\_SEL produced by OR-operating DT\_IDC and DEC\_IDX identifying a constituent decoder; and generating the chip select signals using RAM\_SEL, TMP\_ADDR, the EP size, and TMP\_CS produced by OR-operating DT\_IDC and the inverse of DEC\_IDX.

- 10. (original) The data receiving method of claim 9, wherein when the EP size is 10 one of 408, 792 and 1560, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are determined by if RAM\_SEL=0 RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR+1.
- 11. (original) The data receiving method of claim 10, wherein the chip select signal RAM0\_CS for the first memory is TMP\_CS and the chip select signals RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the second and third memories are 1.
- 12. (original) The data receiving method of claim 9, wherein when the EP size is 2328, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are determined by if RAM\_SEL=0 RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM2\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR+2328 else RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR+2328 RAM2\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR
- 13. (original) The data receiving method of claim 12, wherein the chip select signals RAM0\_CS, RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the first, second and third memories are determined by RAM0\_CS=TMP\_CS if (RAM\_SEL=1) AND (TMP\_ADDR 408) RAM1\_CS=0 else RAM1\_CS=1 if (RAM\_SEL=0) AND (TMP\_ADDR 408) RAM2\_CS=0

else RAM2 CS=1

14. (original) The data receiving method of claim 9, wherein when the EP size is 3096 or 3864, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are all determined as 1.

15. (original) The data receiving method of claim 14, wherein the chip select signals RAM0\_CS, RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the first, second and third memories are determined by RAM0\_CS=TMP\_CS if (RAM\_SEL=0) AND (TH\_OUT=0) RAM1\_CS=1 else RAM1\_CS=0 if (RAM\_SEL=1) AND (TH\_OUT=0) RAM2\_CS=1 else RAM2\_CS=0 where TH\_OUT is 1 if TMP\_ADDR is equal to or greater than a predetermined threshold, TH\_OUT is 0 if TMP\_ADDR is less than the threshold, the threshold is 2352 if the EP size is 3096, and the threshold is 1968 if the EP size is 3864.

16. (original) The data receiving method of claim 8, wherein when the EP size is one of 408, 792 and 1560, or when the EP size is one of 2328, 3096 and 3864 and data symbols are input to the first constituent decoder, three code symbols SYS\_DATA, PA0\_DATA and PA1\_DATA input to the first constituent decoder are determined by if RAM0\_CS=1 SYS\_DATA=RAM0\_DATA else SYS\_DATA=0 if RAM1\_CS=1 PA0\_DATA=RAM1\_DATA else PA0\_DATA=0 if RAM2\_CS=1 PA1\_DATA=RAM2\_DATA else PA1\_DATA=0 where RAMx\_DATA is a code symbol read at RAMx\_ADDR in a (x+1)th memory.

17. (original)The data receiving method of claim 8, wherein when the EP size is one of 2328, 3096 and 3864 and data symbols or tail symbols are input to the second constituent decoder, or when tail symbols are input to the first constituent decoder, three code symbols SYS\_DATA, PA0\_DATA and PA1\_DATA input to the first or second constituent decoder are determined by if RAM0\_CS=1 SYS\_DATA=RAM0\_DATA else SYS\_DATA=0 if RAM1\_CS=1 PA0\_DATA=RAM2\_DATA else PA0\_DATA=0 if RAM2\_CS=1

PA1\_DATA=RAM1\_DATA else PA1\_DATA=0 where RAMx\_DATA is a code symbol read at RAMx ADDR in a (x+1)th memory.

18. (currently amended) An apparatus for receiving code symbols corresponding to an interleaved encoder packet (EP), storing the code symbols separately in first, second and third memories, and inputting the stored code symbols to a turbo decoder in a mobile communication system, the apparatus comprising:

a memory unit having the first, second and third memories, for storing the received code symbols separately as information symbols and parity symbols according to the size of the EP; and

a read address generator for generating read addresses to read the code symbols from the first, second and third memories according to the size of the EP.

wherein the read address generator comprises:

an input address generator for generating the read addresses of the stored code symbols; and

a chip select signal generator for generating select signals for the first, second and third memories.

19. (cancelled)

20.(currently amended) The apparatus of claim 4918, wherein the input address generator comprises: means for generating the chip select signal RAM\_SEL using a decoder index DEC\_IDX identifying a constituent decoder of the turbo decoder and a symbol type signal DT\_IDC indicating the type of the code symbol to be read according to a EP size;

means for generating a temporary read address TMP\_ADDR indicating the interleaved position of the code symbol to be read in a subblock to which the code symbol belongs; and

means for generating the read addresses using RAM\_SEL, TMP\_ADDR and the EP size.

21. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 4918, wherein the chip select signal generator comprises:

means for generating RAM\_SEL using DEC\_IDX and DT\_IDC;

means for generating TMP\_ADDR; means for generating a temporary chip select signal TMP CS using DT IDC and DEC IDX; and

means for generating the read address using RAM\_SEL, TMP\_CS, TMP ADDR and the EP size.

- 22. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1918, wherein the memory unit further comprises:
- a zero inserter for outputting zero symbols according to a chip select signal instead of stored code symbols; and
- a switch for switching parity symbols according to the EP size and a chip select signal.
- 23. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein when the EP size is one of 408, 792 and 1560, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are determined by if RAM\_SEL=0 RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR RAM2\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR else RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR+1 RAM2\_ADDR=2.times.TMP\_ADDR+1
- 24. (original) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the chip select signal RAM0\_CS for the first memory is TMP\_CS and the chip select signals RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the second and third memories are 1.
- 25. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein when the EP size is 2328, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are determined by if RAM\_SEL=0 RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM2\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR+2328 else RAM0\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR RAM1\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR+2328 RAM2\_ADDR=TMP\_ADDR

- 26. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein the chip select signals RAM0\_CS, RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the first, second and third memories are determined by RAM0\_CS=TMP\_CS if (RAM\_SEL=1) AND (TMP\_ADDR 408) RAM1\_CS=0 else RAM1\_CS=1 if (RAM\_SEL=0) AND (TMP\_ADDR 408) RAM2\_CS=0 else RAM2\_CS=1
- 27. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein when the EP size is 3096 or 3864, the read addresses RAM0\_ADDR, RAM1\_ADDR and RAM2\_ADDR for the first, second and third memories are all determined as 1.
- 28. (original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the chip select signals RAM0\_CS, RAM1\_CS and RAM2\_CS for the first, second and third memories are determined by RAM0\_CS=TMP\_CS if (RAM\_SEL=0) AND (TH\_OUT=0) RAM1\_CS=1 else RAM1\_CS=0 if (RAM\_SEL=1) AND (TH\_OUT=0) RAM2\_CS=1 else RAM2\_CS=0 where TH\_OUT is 1 if TMP\_ADDR is equal to or greater than a predetermined threshold, TH\_OUT is 0 if TMP\_ADDR is less than the threshold, the threshold is 2352 if the EP size is 3096, and the threshold is 1968 if the EP size is 3864.
- 29. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein when the EP size is one of 408, 792 and 1560, or when the EP size is one of 2328, 3096 and 3864 and data symbols corresponding to an information bit are input to the first constituent decoder, three code symbols SYS\_DATA, PA0\_DATA and PA1\_DATA input to the first constituent decoder are determined by if RAM0\_CS=1 SYS\_DATA=RAM0\_DATA else SYS\_DATA=0 if RAM1\_CS=1 PA0\_DATA=RAM1\_DATA else PA0\_DATA=0 if RAM2\_CS=1 PA1\_DATA=RAM2\_DATA else PA1\_DATA=0 where RAMx\_DATA is a code symbol read at RAMx\_ADDR in a (x+1)th memory.
- 30. (original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein when the EP size is one of 2328, 3096 and 3864 and data symbols or tail symbols are input to the second constituent decoder, or when tail symbols are input to the first constituent decoder, three code symbols SYS\_DATA, PA0\_DATA and PA1\_DATA input to the first or second constituent decoder are determined by if RAM0\_CS=1 SYS\_DATA=RAM0\_DATA else SYS\_DATA=0 if RAM1\_CS=1 PA0\_DATA=RAM2\_DATA else PA0\_DATA=0 if RAM2\_CS=1

PA1\_DATA=RAM1\_DATA else PA1\_DATA=0 where RAMx\_DATA is a code symbol read at RAMx\_ADDR in a (x+1)th memory.

31. (original) A data receiving apparatus in a mobile terminal having a turbo decoder, comprising:

an antenna for receiving a radio frequency (RF) signal from a transmitter, the RF signal corresponding to an encoder packet (EP);

a baseband converter for downconverting the RF signal to a baseband signal; an analog-to-digital converter for converting the baseband signal to a digital signal; a demodulator for demodulating the digital signal and outputting code symbols;

a memory unit having first, second and third memories, for storing the code symbols separately in the first, second and third memories according to the types of the code symbols and selecting code symbols as a turbo decoder input; and

a memory controller for generating read addresses to read code symbols from the first, second and third memories according to the types of the code symbols.

32. (original) The data receiving apparatus of claim 31, wherein the memory controller comprises:

an read address generator for generating the read address of a code symbol; and a chip select signal generator for generating a chip select signal to select one of the first, second and third memories.

33. (original) The data receiving apparatus of claim 32, wherein the read address generator comprises:

means for generating the chip select signal RAM\_SEL using a decoder index DEC\_IDX identifying a constituent decoder of the turbo decoder and a symbol type signal DT\_IDC indicating the type of the code symbol to be read according to a EP size;

means for generating a temporary read address TMP\_ADDR indicating the interleaved position of the code symbol to be read in a subblock to which the code symbol belongs; and

means for generating the read addresses using RAM\_SEL, TMP\_ADDR and the EP size.

34. (original) The data receiving apparatus of claim 32, wherein the chip select signal generator comprises:

means for generating RAM\_SEL using DEC\_IDX and DT\_IDC; means for generating TMP ADDR;

means for generating a temporary chip select signal TMP\_CS using DT\_IDC and DEC IDX; and

means for generating the read address using RAM\_SEL, TMP\_CS, TMP ADDR and a EP size.

35. (original) The data receiving apparatus of claim 31, wherein the memory unit further comprises:

a zero inserter for outputting a zero symbol instead of the stored code symbol according to the chip select signal; and

a switch for selecting a parity symbol according to a EP size and the chip select signal.

- 36. (original) The data receiving apparatus of claim 31, wherein the code symbol types are information symbols and parity symbols.
- 37. (original) A data receiving method in a mobile terminal having a turbo decoder, comprising the steps of:

receiving a radio frequency (RF) signal from a transmitter, the RF signal corresponding to an encoder packet (EP);

down-converting the RF signal to a baseband signal; converting the baseband signal to a digital signal;

demodulating the digital signal and outputting demodulated code symbols;

storing the code symbols separately in the first, second and third memories according to the types of the code symbols;

generating read addresses to read code symbols as a turbo decoder input from the first, second and third memories according to the type of the code symbols.

- 38. (original) The data receiving method of claim 37, further comprises the step of generating a chip select signal to select one of the first, second and third memories.
- 39. (original) The data receiving method of claim 38, wherein the read address generation step comprises the steps of:

generating the chip select signal RAM\_SEL using a decoder index DEC\_IDX identifying a constituent decoder of the turbo decoder and a symbol type signal DT\_IDC indicating the type of the code symbol to be read according to a EP size;

generating a temporary read address TMP\_ADDR indicating the interleaved position of the code symbol to be read in a subblock to which the code symbol belongs; and generating the read addresses using RAM SEL, TMP ADDR and the EP size.

40. (original) The data receiving method of claim 38, wherein the chip select signal generation step comprises the steps of:

generating RAM\_SEL using DEC\_IDX and DT\_IDC; generating TMP\_ADDR; generating a temporary chip select signal TMP\_CS using DT\_IDC and DEC\_IDX; and

generating the read address using RAM SEL, TMP CS, TMP ADDR and a EP size.

- 41. (original) The data receiving method of claim 38, further comprising the steps of: outputting a zero symbol instead of the stored code symbol according to the chip select signal; and selecting a parity symbol according to a EP size and the chip select signal.
- 42. (original) The data receiving method of claim 37, wherein the code symbol types are information symbols and parity symbols.